

Definitions

Antique. Any vehicle, including an antique military vehicle, more than 35 years old, propelled by a motor using petroleum fuel, steam or electricity or any combination thereof.

Antique Military Vehicle. A vehicle, regardless of the vehicle's size or weight, which was manufactured for use in any country's military forces and is maintained to represent its military design, except that an antique military vehicle shall not include a fully tracked vehicle.

Collector. The owner of one or more special interest vehicles or street rod vehicles who acquires, collects, purchases, trades or disposes of such vehicles or parts therefor for such person's own use in order to restore, preserve and maintain such vehicle or vehicles for historic interest.

Parts Car. A motor vehicle generally in nonoperable condition which is owned by a collector to furnish parts which will enable the collector to restore, preserve and maintain a special interest vehicle, street rod vehicle or antique vehicle.

Specially constructed vehicle. (K.S.A. § 8-126) Any vehicle which shall not have been originally constructed under a distinctive name, make, model or type, or which, if originally otherwise constructed shall have been materially altered by the removal of essential parts, or by the addition or substitution of essential parts, new or used, derived from other vehicles or makes of vehicles.

Specially Constructed Vehicle. (K.S.A. § 8-1468) Every vehicle of a type required to be registered in this state, not originally constructed under a distinctive name, make, model or type by a generally recognized manufacturer of vehicles and not materially altered from its original construction.

Special Interest Vehicle. A motor vehicle which is more than 20 years of age and which has not been altered or modified from the original manufacturer's specifications except to assure normal running operation or to meet specific safety inspection requirements on original equipment, or both. "Special interest vehicle" shall also mean and include a motor vehicle manufactured before 1949 that when altered or modified is referred to as a "street rod."

Titling & Registration

From Kansas Division of Motor Vehicles:

Does Kansas require any type of vehicle inspection to apply for title and/or renew registration?

The following are the circumstances when a motor vehicle examination will be required before making application for title:

- Vehicle or trailer is titled on an out of state or another country's title, regardless of age;
- Vehicle or trailer was purchase out of state on a bill of sale, regardless of age;
- 1950 or newer antique auto or truck purchased in Kansas on a bill of sale;
- Vehicle is titled as nonhighway for no liability insurance or as salvage due to any reason and the vehicle has been repaired or insurance obtained and the owner wishes to make application for a formerly nonhighway or rebuilt salvage title and registration;
- Boat trailer with a gross operating weight of 2,001 pound or more that has never been titled in Kansas and the current owner is using a Vehicle/Motor Ownership Affidavit, form TR-90.
- Motorized bicycle and a mobile or manufactured home are NOT required to be inspected.

The vehicle or trailer along with the title or bill of sale must be taken to a Kansas inspection station and after the inspection, be issued an MVE-1 receipt. The pink copy of the MVE-1 is to be surrendered to the county treasurer's motor vehicle office when you make application for title and registration. Contact the Kansas Highway Patrol concerning the location and hours of operation of the inspection station in your county or area.

What is a "Branded" title?

A 7" X 8" Kansas title that has message printed across the top between the border and the words "STATE OF KANSAS" is a branded title. The branding is a statement of a preexisting condition of the vehicle or title status. Kansas has the following brands on their title: Repossession, Motor Exchange, Body Exchange, Specially Constructed (for assembled vehicle), Recreational Vehicle, Manufactured/Mobile Home, Duplicate, Secured, Reissued, Salvage, Rebuilt Salvage, Nonhighway and Formerly Nonhighway.

An 8.5" X 11" Kansas title will have the same message printed along the right side of the title just below the mileage and date information.

Kansas issues a special (pink color) title that denotes a vehicle as nonrepairable.

From Kansas Highway Patrol:

Vehicle Identification Number (VIN) Inspections are required in Kansas if:

The State of Kansas does not require vehicle emissions testing.

- A vehicle has a title from a state other than Kansas or a foreign country;
- A vehicle has been assembled, reconstructed, reconstituted, or restored from one or more vehicles;
- The proper identification number of a vehicle is in doubt.

This inspection must be completed before the Kansas Department of Revenue will issue a license tag or title for the vehicle.

The VIN inspections are conducted by trained law enforcement personnel employed by the Patrol or designated law enforcement agencies across the state. The majority of these inspections are conducted at a fixed location in each county, but in special circumstances inspections may be done at the location the vehicle is being stored. To arrange for a VIN inspection of your vehicle, contact the appropriate Troop location (listed below) for information on inspection hours and locations.

VIN inspection services by county.

State Motor Vehicle Enforcement Policy Office

Captain Art Wilburn
LT Robert Baker
122 S.W. 7th
Topeka, KS 66603
785-296-6800

State Motor Vehicle Enforcement Operations Office

LT Randy Myers
3200 E. 45th St. N./BLDG #3
Wichita, KS 67220-1498
316-744-0451 or 316-744-0538

Troop A Motor Vehicle Enforcement

Technical Trooper Douglas Tate
VIN Inspector Supervisor Steven Gardner
913-780-6058

Troop B Motor Vehicle Enforcement

LT Dave Bogina
Technical Trooper Gary Thiessen
785-296-3102

Troop C Motor Vehicle Enforcement

Master Trooper Mike Weigel
785-827-3065

Troop D Motor Vehicle Enforcement

Technical Trooper Gerald Stritt
785-625-3518

Troop E Motor Vehicle Enforcement

Technical Trooper James Ramsey

Technical Trooper Eric Haskin
620-276-3201

Troop F Motor Vehicle Enforcement

Technical Trooper W.D. Heady
VIN Inspector James Stancer
316-744-0451

Troop H Motor Vehicle Enforcement

Technical Trooper Daniel Smith
620-431-2100

From Kansas Statutes:

CHAPTER 8. AUTOMOBILES AND OTHER VEHICLES
ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS
REGISTRATION OF VEHICLES

K.S.A. § 8-166 (2016)

8-166 Registration of **antique vehicles; antique** military **vehicles;** definitions.

The following words and phrases when used in this act shall for the purpose of this act have the following meaning:

- (a) "**Antique**" means any **vehicle**, including an **antique** military **vehicle**, more than 35 years old, propelled by a motor using petroleum fuel, steam or electricity or any combination thereof.
- (b) "Person" means every natural person, firm, copartnership, association, corporation, club or organization.
- (c) "**Antique** military **vehicle**" means a vehicle, regardless of the vehicle's size or weight, which was manufactured for use in any country's military forces and is maintained to represent its military design, except that an **antique** military **vehicle** shall not include a fully tracked vehicle.
- (d) The words and phrases defined in K.S.A. 8-126 and 8-126a, and amendments thereto, when used in this act shall have the meanings respectively ascribed to them by such sections.

CHAPTER 8. AUTOMOBILES AND OTHER VEHICLES
ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS
REGISTRATION OF VEHICLES

K.S.A. § 8-167 (2016)

8-167 Registration of **antique vehicles**; registration for operation on highway; registration for the purpose of taxation, registration fee.

(a) Every owner of an antique motor vehicle intended to be operated upon any highway in this state shall, before the same is operated, apply for the registration thereof, as provided by this act.

(b) In addition to the registration required under the provisions of subsection (a) of this section and K.S.A. 8-168 et seq., and amendments thereto, each antique vehicle shall be registered for the purpose of taxation as prescribed by article 51 of chapter 79 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, at the time such owner intends to commence the operation of the same upon the highways of the state and at the times prescribed by K.S.A. 8-134, and amendments thereto, for the registration of any other motor vehicle owned by the owner of such antique vehicle. The fee for registration of an antique vehicle under the provisions of this subsection shall be five dollars.

L. 1955, ch. 62, § 2; L. 1980, ch. 325, § 7; L. 2013, ch. 8, § 4; July 1.

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ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS
REGISTRATION OF VEHICLES

K.S.A. § 8-170 (2016)

8-170 Registration of **antique vehicles**; fee for transfer of ownership; fee and form for certificate of title.

(a) Upon the transfer of ownership of any vehicle registered under the foregoing provisions of this act, its registration and right to use the license plates thereon shall expire and thereafter there shall be no transfer of any registration, and the license plates shall be removed by the owner thereof and it shall be unlawful for any person other than the person to whom such license plates were originally issued to have the same in possession. In case of a transfer of ownership of a registered vehicle the original owner of the license plates may register another **antique vehicle** under the same license plate designation, upon application therefor and the payment of a fee of \$ 1.50. On and after January 1, 2000, any model year license plate transferred shall comply with the provisions of subsection (c) of K.S.A. 8-172, and amendments thereto.

(b) Upon the transfer and sale of a registered vehicle by any person, the new owner thereof, before using a vehicle on the highways of this state, shall make application to the division for registration of the vehicle.

(c) Certificate of title:

(1) Application for certificate of title on an **antique vehicle** shall be made by the owner or the owner's agent upon a blank form to be furnished by the division and shall contain such information as the division shall determine necessary. The division may waive any information requested on the form if it is not available. For any **antique vehicle** having a model year prior to 1950, the application together with a bill of sale for the **antique vehicle** shall be accepted as prima facie evidence that the applicant is the owner of the vehicle and the certificate of title shall be issued for such vehicle. If the application and bill of sale are used to obtain a certificate of title for any **antique vehicle** having a model year of 1950 or later, the certificate of title shall not be issued until an inspection in accordance with subsection (a) of [K.S.A. 8-116](#), and amendments thereto, has been completed. The certificate of title shall be delivered to the applicant. The certificate shall contain the words "**antique vehicle.**"

(2) The certificate of title shall contain upon the reverse side a form for assignment of title to be executed by the owner. A certificate of title may be issued under the provisions of this act without an application for registration.

(3) The fee for each original certificate of title so issued shall be \$ 10. The certificate of title shall be good for the life of the **antique vehicle**, so long as the same is owned or held by the original holder of the certificate of title, and shall not have to be renewed. In the event of a sale or transfer of ownership of an **antique vehicle** for which a certificate of title has been issued under the provisions of this subsection, the holder of such certificate of title shall endorse on the same an assignment thereof, with warranty of title in form printed thereon, as prescribed by the director, and the transferor must deliver the same to the buyer at the time of delivery of the vehicle. The buyer shall then present such certificate of title, assigned as aforesaid, to the director or an authorized agent of the director, whereupon a new certificate of title shall be issued to the buyer, the fee therefor being \$ 10.

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REGISTRATION OF VEHICLES

K.S.A. § 8-172 (2016)

8-172 **Antique vehicles;** license **plates**, design, fees; model year license plates; city issued license plates; requirements.

(a) Except as provided in subsection (c), license plates issued for antique vehicles shall be distinctive and shall contain the words "Kansas" and "antique" and there shall be no year date thereon. The numbering system shall consist of combinations of not more than seven letters of the alphabet or numerals or a combination of such letters and numerals. The combinations of such letters and numerals shall be at the direction of the director of vehicles, except that any person owning an antique vehicle, other than an antique motorcycle, may make application for a special combination of letters and numerals not exceeding seven. Antique motorcycle license plates shall be the same as other antique vehicle license plates, except the numbering system shall consist of not more than five letters of the alphabet or numerals or a combination of letters and numerals. Such application shall be made in a manner prescribed by the director of vehicles and shall be accompanied by a special combination fee of \$ 40. Unless the combination of letters or numerals designated by the applicant have been assigned to another antique vehicle registered in this state, or unless the combination of letters or numerals designated by the applicant have a profane, vulgar, lewd or indecent meaning or connotation, as determined by the director, the division shall assign such combination of letters to the applicant's vehicle.

(b) In addition to the fees required under subsection (b) of K.S.A. 8-167, and amendments thereto, and subsection (a) or (c) of this section, the registration fee for any antique vehicle shall be \$ 40 and once paid shall not be required to be renewed.

(c) In lieu of the license plate issued under subsection (a), a person who owns an antique vehicle who wants to display a model year license plate on the vehicle shall make application in a manner prescribed by the director of vehicles, including the execution of an affidavit setting forth that the model year license plate the person wants to display on the person's antique vehicle is a legible and serviceable license plate that originally was issued by this state or a license plate originally issued by a Kansas city or a reproduction of such city issued license plate. Except for license plates issued prior to 1921, such license plate shall be inscribed with the date of the year corresponding to the model year when the vehicle was manufactured. For license plates issued prior to 1921, such license plate shall be the license plate issued by the state or a Kansas city or a reproduction of such city issued license plate corresponding to the model year when the vehicle was manufactured. Duplicate numbers for any year shall not be allowed for any model year license plate under the provisions of this subsection. Upon application to display a reproduction of a city issued license plate, the division of vehicles shall issue a number to be used for such reproduction license plate. The model year license plate fee shall be \$ 40.

(d) In addition to the license plates authorized under subsection (a) or (c), a person who owns an antique vehicle may display a model year license plate originally issued by the state of Kansas or a Kansas city or a reproduction of such city issued license plate on the front of an antique vehicle. Except for license plates issued prior to 1921, such license plate shall be inscribed with the date of the year corresponding to the model year when the vehicle was manufactured. For license plates issued prior to 1921, such license plate shall be the license plate issued by the state or a Kansas city or a reproduction of such city issued license plate corresponding to the model year when the vehicle was manufactured.

(e) For a model year license plate issued during calendar year 1976 or thereafter, and which is displayed on an antique vehicle pursuant to subsection (c), the owner may display a decal of the type described in K.S.A. 8-132, and amendments thereto, for the year of the vehicle so long as such decal is legible. Otherwise, on and after January 1, 2013, the owner may obtain a replacement decal from the county treasurer which displays the year of the vehicle.

CHAPTER 8. AUTOMOBILES AND OTHER VEHICLES
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SPECIAL INTEREST VEHICLES

K.S.A. § 8-194 (2016)

8-194 **Special interest vehicles;** definitions.

As used in this act: (a) "Collector" means the owner of one or more **special interest vehicles or street rod** vehicles who acquires, collects, purchases, trades or disposes of such vehicles or parts therefor for such person's own use in order to **restore**, preserve and maintain such **vehicle or vehicles** for **historic** interest.

(b) "Parts car" means a motor vehicle generally in nonoperable condition which is owned by a collector to furnish parts which will enable the collector to restore, preserve and maintain a **special interest vehicle, street rod vehicle or antique vehicle.**

(c) "**Special interest vehicle**" means a motor vehicle which is more than 20 years of age and which has not been altered or modified from the original manufacturer's specifications except to assure normal running operation or to meet specific safety inspection requirements on original equipment, or both. "**Special interest vehicle**" shall also mean and include a motor vehicle manufactured before 1949 that when altered or modified is referred to as a "**street rod.**"

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SPECIAL INTEREST VEHICLES

K.S.A. § 8-195 (2016)

8-195 **Special interest vehicles**; registration; fees; collector's identification number.

(a) Any person who is the owner of a **special interest vehicle or street rod** vehicle at the time of making application for registration or transfer of title of the vehicle may upon application register the same as a **special interest vehicle or street rod** vehicle upon payment of an annual fee of \$ 26 and be furnished each year upon the payment of such fee license plates of a distinctive design in lieu of the usual license plates which shall show in addition to the identification number, that the **vehicle** is a **special interest vehicle or that the vehicle** is a **special interest vehicle** and it meets the qualifications of a **street rod**, as the case may be, owned by a Kansas collector. The registration shall be valid for one year and may be renewed by payment of such annual fee. **Special interest vehicles** including **street rod** vehicles may be used as are other vehicles of the same type, except that **special interest vehicles** including **street rod** vehicles may not transport passengers for hire, nor haul material weighing more than 500 pounds.

(b) Each collector applying for **special interest vehicle or street rod** vehicle license plates will be issued a collector's identification number which will appear on each license plate. Second and all subsequent registrations under this section by the same collector will bear the same collector's identification number followed by a suffix letter for vehicle identification.

(c) A collector must own and have registered one or more vehicles with regular license plates which are used for regular transportation.

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SPECIAL INTEREST VEHICLES

K.S.A. § 8-196 (2016)

8-196 Same; processing fee.

In addition to the fee in K.S.A. 8-195, as amended, there shall be an original (first time only) processing fee of \$ 20 to defray the cost of issuing the original collector's **special interest vehicle** license **plates or special interest vehicles with street rod** designation license plates and to ensure that each collector will be issued only one collector's identification number.

CHAPTER 79. TAXATION
ARTICLE 51. MOTOR VEHICLES

K.S.A. § 79-5103 (2016)

79-5103 Valuation schedule, adoption by secretary of revenue; classification of motor vehicles by county appraiser; **specially** constructed motor **vehicles**.

(a) For the year 1981 and thereafter, the department of revenue shall annually adopt a schedule for determining the value of all motor vehicles, the model year of which is 1981 or thereafter, as of the time they are first offered for sale as new motor vehicles. Such schedule shall be adopted as a part of the rules and regulations adopted by the secretary of revenue for such purpose. Such schedule shall show the classification of all such motor vehicles in accordance with K.S.A. 79-5104 based upon the value so determined. In formulating such schedule, the secretary may use the trade-in value for each particular make and model as developed from national market reports or other similar, nationally recognized publications.

In the event the secretary of revenue is unable to ascertain a value by this method in respect to any motor vehicle by reason of the same being a specifically constructed motor vehicle, or for any other reason, the county appraiser shall determine, from any information available, a comparable value of such vehicle pursuant to rules and regulations adopted by the secretary of revenue for such purpose.

(b) The classification determined by the county appraiser under the provisions of subsection (c) of K.S.A. 79-5102 shall be used in computing the tax imposed upon such motor vehicles in the year 1981 and each year thereafter.

(c) The county appraiser shall classify all motor vehicles, the model year of which is 1980 or prior thereto, which are registered for the first time in the state or the registration of which is transferred in the year 1981 or thereafter, in accordance with the schedule provided by the secretary of revenue for the classification of motor vehicles by such appraiser in the year 1980 as provided in subsection (c) of K.S.A. 79-5102. Such classification shall be used in computing the tax imposed upon such motor vehicles in the year of their first registration or transfer and each year thereafter.

(d) The county appraiser shall classify all motor vehicles, the model year of which is 1981 or thereafter, in accordance with the schedules provided by the secretary of revenue for such purpose under the provisions of subsection (a) of this section. Such classification shall be used in computing the tax imposed upon such motor vehicles in the year of registration or transfer and each year thereafter.

(e) The county appraiser shall classify all **specially** constructed motor **vehicles**, the model year of which is 1981 or thereafter, upon the basis of the comparable value determined by such appraiser under the provisions of subsection (a) of this section. Such classification shall be within the classes prescribed by K.S.A. 79-5104 and shall be used in computing the tax imposed upon the **specially** constructed motor **vehicle** in the year of its registration or transfer and each year thereafter.

CHAPTER 8. AUTOMOBILES AND OTHER VEHICLES
ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS

K.S.A. § 8-116a (2016)

8-116a Vehicle identification number; check of **assembled vehicles** by highway patrol; original Kansas certificates of title on out-of-state vehicles; check by designee or employee of new vehicle dealer, when; fees and disposition thereof.

(a) Except as provided in K.S.A. 8-170, and amendments thereto, when an application is made for a vehicle which has been assembled, reconstructed, reconstituted or restored from one or more vehicles, or the proper identification number of a vehicle is in doubt, the procedure in this section shall be followed. The owner of the vehicle shall request the Kansas highway patrol to check the vehicle and the highway patrol shall within a reasonable period of time perform such vehicle check. At the time of such check the owner shall supply the highway patrol with information concerning the history of the various parts of the vehicle. Such information shall be supplied by affidavit of the owner, if so requested by the highway patrol. If the highway patrol is satisfied that the vehicle contains no stolen parts and complies with K.S.A. 8-116, and amendments thereto, the highway patrol shall determine the make, model and year of the vehicle, and shall assign an existing or new identification number to the vehicle and direct the places and manner in which the identification number is to be located and affixed or implanted. A charge of \$15 per hour or part thereof, with a minimum charge of \$15, and on and after July 1, 2012, a charge of \$20 per hour or part thereof, with a minimum charge of \$20, shall be made to the owner of a vehicle requesting check under this subsection, and such charge shall be paid prior to the check under this section. When a check has been made under subsection (b), not more than 60 days prior to a check of the same vehicle identification number, requested by the owner of the vehicle to obtain a regular certificate of title in lieu of a nonhighway certificate of title or obtain a rebuilt salvage title in lieu of a salvage title, no charge shall be made for such second check.

(b) Any person making application for any original Kansas title for a used vehicle which, at the time of making application, is titled in another jurisdiction, as a condition precedent to obtaining any Kansas title, shall have such vehicle checked by the Kansas highway patrol for verification that the vehicle identification number shown on the foreign title is genuine and agrees with the identification number on the vehicle. Checks under this section may include inspection for possible violation of K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 21-5835, and amendments thereto, or other evidence of possible fraud. The verification shall be made upon forms prescribed by the division of vehicles which shall contain such information as the secretary of revenue shall require by rules and regulations. A charge of \$15 per hour or part thereof, with a minimum charge of \$15, and on and after July 1, 2012, a charge of \$20 per hour or part thereof, with a minimum charge of \$20, shall be made for checks under this subsection. When a vehicle is registered in another state, but is financed by a Kansas financial institution and is repossessed in another state and such vehicle will not be returned to Kansas, the check required by this subsection shall not be required to obtain a valid Kansas title or registration.

(c) As used in this act, "identification number" or "vehicle identification number" means an identifying number, serial number, engine number, transmission number or other distinguishing number or mark, placed on a vehicle, engine, transmission or other essential part by its manufacturer or by authority of the division of vehicles or the Kansas highway patrol or in accordance with the laws of another state or country.

(d) The checks made under subsection (b) may be made by:

(1) A designee of the superintendent of the Kansas highway patrol; or

(2) an employee of a new vehicle dealer, as defined in subsection (b) of K.S.A. 8-2401, and amendments thereto, for the purposes provided for in subsection (f). For checks made by a designee or new vehicle dealer, 10% of each charge shall be remitted to the Kansas highway patrol and the balance of such charges shall be retained by such designee or new vehicle dealer. If the designee is a city or county law enforcement agency, then the balance shall be retained by the law enforcement agency that conducted the inspection and shall be deposited into an account to be used for law enforcement purposes and shall not be used to supplant the law enforcement agency's budget. When a check is made under either subsection (a) or (b) by personnel of the Kansas highway patrol, the entire amount of the charge therefor shall be paid to the highway patrol.

(e) There is hereby created the vehicle identification number fee fund. The Kansas highway patrol shall remit all moneys received by the Kansas highway patrol from fees collected under subsection (d) to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon

receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury to the credit of the vehicle identification number fee fund. All expenditures from the vehicle identification number fee fund shall be made in accordance with appropriations acts upon warrants of the director of accounts and reports issued pursuant to vouchers approved by the superintendent of the Kansas highway patrol or by a person or persons designated by the superintendent.

(f) An employee of a new vehicle dealer, who has received initial training and certification from the highway patrol, and has met continuing certification requirements, in accordance with rules and regulations adopted by the superintendent of the highway patrol, may provide the checks under subsection (b), in accordance with rules and regulations adopted by the superintendent of the highway patrol, on motor vehicles that a new vehicle dealer purchases through a manufacturer's sponsored auction or on motor vehicles repurchased or reacquired by a manufacturer, distributor or financing subsidiary of such manufacturer and which are purchased by the new vehicle dealer. At any time, after a hearing in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act, the superintendent of the highway patrol may revoke, suspend, decline to renew or decline to issue certification for failure to comply with the provisions of this subsection, including any rules and regulations.

(g) No law enforcement agency or employee of such agency acting within the scope of employment shall be liable for damages resulting from the adoption or enforcement of any policy adopted under this section.

L. 1984, ch. 25, § 11; L. 1985, ch. 40, § 2; L. 1985, ch. 41, § 1; L. 1987, ch. 41, § 1; L. 1998, ch. 140, § 6; L. 2000, ch. 73, § 2; L. 2001, ch. 5, § 24; L. 2002, ch. 190, § 1; L. 2011, ch. 45, § 1; L. 2011, ch. 91, § 1; July 1; L. 2014, ch. 21, § 2; July 1, 2014.

CHAPTER 8. AUTOMOBILES AND OTHER VEHICLES
ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS

K.S.A. § 8-116 (2016)

8-116 Vehicle identification number offenses; possession or sale of vehicle without original VIN; removing or altering VIN; penalties; vehicle seizure and disposition.

(a) It is unlawful to sell, barter or exchange any motor vehicle, trailer or semitrailer, the original vehicle identification number of which has been destroyed, removed, altered or defaced, except as contemplated by K.S.A. 8-116a, and amendments thereto, when no part of the motor vehicle, trailer or semitrailer has been stolen and a vehicle identification number has been assigned to the motor vehicle according to law. Violation of this subsection (a) is a severity level 10, nonperson felony.

(b) It is unlawful to knowingly own or have the custody or possession of a motor vehicle, trailer or semitrailer, the original vehicle identification number of which has been destroyed, removed, altered or defaced, except as contemplated by K.S.A. 8-116a, and amendments thereto, when no part of the motor vehicle, trailer or semitrailer has been stolen and a vehicle identification number has been assigned to the motor vehicle according to law. Violation of this subsection (b) is a class C misdemeanor.

(c) Any person who shall destroy, remove, alter or deface any vehicle identification number, except as contemplated by K.S.A. 8-116a, and amendments thereto, when no part of the motor vehicle, trailer or semitrailer has been stolen, is guilty of a severity level 10, nonperson felony.

(d) Every law enforcement officer in this state having knowledge of a motor vehicle, trailer or semitrailer, the vehicle identification number of which has been destroyed, removed, altered or defaced, shall seize and take possession of such motor vehicle, trailer or semitrailer.

(e) Every motor vehicle, trailer or semitrailer, the vehicle identification number of which has been destroyed, removed, altered or defaced, which has been seized under this section is an article of contraband and the provisions of K.S.A. 22-2512, and amendments thereto, shall apply.

(f) No law enforcement agency or employee of such agency acting within the scope of employment shall be liable for damages resulting from the adoption or enforcement of any policy adopted under this section.

L. 1921, ch. 69, § 14; R.S. 1923, § 8-116; L. 1935, ch. 70, § 1; L. 1959, ch. 46, § 2; L. 1975, ch. 427, § 3; L. 1984, ch. 25, § 12; L. 1989, ch. 35, § 1; L. 1993, ch. 291, § 1; July 1; L. 2014, ch. 21, § 1; July 1, 2014.

CHAPTER 8. AUTOMOBILES AND OTHER VEHICLES
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REGISTRATION OF VEHICLES

K.S.A. § 8-133 (2016)

8-133 Display of license plate.

The license plate assigned to the vehicle shall be attached to the rear thereof and shall be so displayed during the current registration year or years. A Kansas registered vehicle shall have no registration plate for any year on the front of the vehicle, except that: (a) The license plate issued for a truck tractor shall be attached to the front of the truck tractor; (b) a model year license plate may be attached to the front of an antique vehicle, in accordance with K.S.A. 8-172, and amendments thereto; or (c) a personalized license plate as authorized under subsection (c) of K.S.A. 8-132, and amendments thereto, may be attached to the front of a passenger vehicle or truck. Every license plate shall at all times be securely fastened to the vehicle to which it is assigned so as to prevent the plate from swinging, and at a height not less than 12 inches from the ground, measuring from the bottom of such plate, in a place and position to be clearly visible, and shall be maintained free from foreign materials and in a condition to be clearly legible. During any period in which the construction of license plates has been suspended pursuant to the provisions of K.S.A. 8-132, and amendments thereto, the plate, tag, token, marker or sign assigned to such vehicle shall be attached to and displayed on such vehicle in such place, position, manner and condition as shall be prescribed by the director of vehicles.

CHAPTER 8. AUTOMOBILES AND OTHER VEHICLES
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REGISTRATION OF VEHICLES

K.S.A. § 8-142 (2016)

8-142 Unlawful acts.

It shall be unlawful for any person to commit any of the following acts and except as otherwise provided, violation is subject to penalties provided in K.S.A. 8-149, and amendments thereto:

First: To operate, or for the owner thereof knowingly to permit the operation, upon a highway of any vehicle, as defined in K.S.A. 8-126, and amendments thereto, which is not registered, or for which a certificate of title has not been issued or which does not have attached thereto and displayed thereon the license plate or plates assigned thereto by the division for the current registration year, including any registration decal required to be affixed to any such license plate pursuant to K.S.A. 8-134, and amendments thereto, subject to the exemptions allowed in K.S.A. 8-135, 8-198 and 8-1751a, and amendments thereto. A violation of this subsection by a person unlawfully claiming that a motor vehicle is exempt from registration as a self-propelled crane under K.S.A. 8-128(b), and amendments thereto, shall constitute an unclassified misdemeanor punishable by a fine of not less than \$500. A person shall not be charged with a violation of this subsection for failing to display a registration decal on any vehicle except those included under K.S.A. 8-1,101 and K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 8-143m and 8-1,152, and amendments thereto, up to and including the 10th day following the expiration of the registration if the person is able to produce a printed payment receipt or electronic payment receipt from an online electronic payment processing system for the current 12-month registration period. Any charge for failing to display a registration decal up to and including the 10th day following the expiration of the registration shall be dismissed if the person produces in court a registration receipt for the current 12-month registration period which was valid at the time of arrest.

Second: To display or cause or permit to be displayed, or to have in possession, any registration receipt, certificate of title, registration license plate, registration decal, accessible parking placard or accessible parking identification card knowing the same to be fictitious or to have been canceled, revoked, suspended or altered. A violation of this subsection shall constitute an unclassified misdemeanor punishable by a fine of not less than \$100 and forfeiture of the item. A mandatory court appearance shall be required of any person violating this subsection. This subsection shall not apply to the possession of: (a) Model year license plates displayed on antique vehicles as allowed under K.S.A. 8-172, and amendments thereto; or (b) distinctive license plates allowed under K.S.A. 8-1,147, and amendments thereto.

Third: To lend to or knowingly permit the use by one not entitled thereto any registration receipt, certificate of title, registration license plate or registration decal issued to the person so lending or permitting the use thereof.

Fourth: To fail or refuse to surrender to the division, upon demand, any registration receipt, certificate of title, registration license plate or registration decal which has been suspended, canceled or revoked.

Fifth: To use a false or fictitious name or address in any application for a certificate of title, the registration of any vehicle or for any renewal or duplicate thereof, or knowingly to make a false statement or knowingly to conceal a material fact or otherwise commit a fraud in any such application.

Sixth: For the owner of a motor vehicle to file application for the registration thereof, in any county other than the county in which the owner of the vehicle resides or has a bona fide place of business, which place is not an office or facility established or maintained solely for the purpose of obtaining registration.

Seventh: To operate on the highways of this state a vehicle or combination of vehicles whose weight with cargo is in excess of the gross weight for which the truck or truck tractor propelling the same is registered, except as provided by K.S.A. 8-143, and amendments thereto, and K.S.A. 8-1911(a) through (f), and amendments thereto. Such gross weight shall not be required to be in excess of the limitations described by K.S.A. 8-1908 and 8-1909, and amendments thereto, for such vehicle or combination of vehicles of which it is a part. Any person or owner who operates a vehicle in this state with a registration in violation of K.S.A. 8-143(b), and amendments thereto, shall be required to pay the additional fee equal to the fee required by the applicable registration fee schedule, less the amount of the fee required for the

gross weight for which the vehicle is registered to obtain the proper registration therewith. A fine of \$75 shall be assessed for all such gross weight registration violations.

Eighth: To operate a local truck or truck tractor which is registered for a gross weight of more than 12,000 pounds as a common carrier outside a radius of three miles beyond the corporate limits of the city in which such vehicle was based when registered and licensed or to operate any other local truck or truck tractor licensed for a gross weight of more than 12,000 pounds outside a radius of 25 miles beyond the corporate limits of the city in which such vehicle was based when registered and licensed, except as provided in K.S.A. 8-143(b) or 8-143i, and amendments thereto.

Ninth: To operate on the highways of this state a farm truck or farm trailer other than to transport: (a) Agricultural products produced by such owner; (b) commodities purchased by the owner for use on the farm owned or rented by the owner of such vehicles; (c) commodities for religious or educational institutions being transported by the owner of such vehicles for charity and without compensation of any kind, except as provided in K.S.A. 66-1,109(c), and amendments thereto; or (d) sand, gravel, slag stone, limestone, crushed stone, cinders, black top, dirt or fill material to a township road maintenance or construction site of the township in which the owner of such truck resides.

Tenth: To operate a farm truck or truck tractor used in combination with a trailer or semitrailer for a gross weight which does not include the empty weight of the truck or truck tractor or of the combination of any truck or truck tractor and any type of trailer or semitrailer, plus the maximum weight of cargo which will be transported on or with the same; and such farm truck or farm truck tractor used to transport a gross weight of more than 54,000 pounds shall have durably lettered on the side of the motor vehicle the words "farm vehicle-not for hire."

Eleventh: To operate on the highways of this state any truck or truck tractor without the current quarter of license fees being paid thereon.

Twelfth: To operate on the highways of this state a truck or truck tractor without carrying in the cab a copy of the registration receipt for such vehicle or without having painted or otherwise durably marked on the vehicle on both sides thereof, the gross weight for which the vehicle is licensed and the name and address of the owner thereof, except as provided in K.S.A. 8-143e, and amendments thereto.

Thirteenth: To operate on the highways of this state a farm trailer carrying more than 6,000 pounds without being registered and the registration fees paid thereon.

Fourteenth: To operate more than 6,000 miles in any calendar year any truck or truck tractor which has been registered and licensed to operate not more than 6,000 miles in such calendar year, as provided in K.S.A. 8-143(b), and amendments thereto, unless the additional fee required by such subsection (b) has been paid.

Fifteenth: For any owner who has registered a truck or truck tractor on the basis of operating not more than 6,000 miles to fail to keep the records required by the director of vehicles, or to fail to comply with rules and regulations of the secretary of revenue relating to such registration.

Sixteenth: To operate a vehicle or combination of vehicles on the national system of interstate and defense highways with a gross weight greater than permitted by the laws of the United States congress.

L. 1929, ch. 81, § 20; L. 1937, ch. 72, § 7; L. 1951, ch. 104, § 1; L. 1955, ch. 294, § 10; L. 1956, ch. 48, § 4; L. 1957, ch. 57, § 7; L. 1961, ch. 49, § 1; L. 1963, ch. 48, § 3; L. 1968, ch. 411, § 3; L. 1969, ch. 48, § 2; L. 1974, ch. 35, § 6; L. 1975, ch. 426, § 28; L. 1975, ch. 33, § 1; L. 1975, ch. 427, § 4; L. 1976, ch. 41, § 1; L. 1985, ch. 43, § 1; [L. 1992, ch. 105, § 1](#); [L. 1995, ch. 186, § 4](#); [L. 1998, ch. 140, § 9](#); [L. 2003, ch. 124, § 2](#); [L. 2006, ch. 136, § 3](#); [L. 2010, ch. 156, § 3](#); June 3; L. 2015, ch. 47, § 3; July 1, 2015.

CHAPTER 8. AUTOMOBILES AND OTHER VEHICLES
ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS
NONHIGHWAY AND SALVAGE VEHICLES

K.S.A. § 8-198 (2016)

8-198 Nonhighway and salvage vehicles exempt from registration; nonhighway certificates of title and salvage titles; permit for temporary operation; **rebuilt** or restored salvage **vehicle; rebuilt** salvage title; notice attached to **rebuilt vehicle**; penalties; all-terrain vehicles; work-site utility vehicles; no-fault insurance law inapplicable, exception.

(a) A nonhighway or salvage vehicle shall not be required to be registered in this state, as provided in K.S.A. 8-135, and amendments thereto, but nothing in this section shall be construed as abrogating, limiting or otherwise affecting the provisions of K.S.A. 8-142, and amendments thereto, which make it unlawful for any person to operate or knowingly permit the operation in this state of a vehicle required to be registered in this state.

(b) Upon the sale or transfer of any nonhighway vehicle or salvage vehicle, the purchaser thereof shall obtain a nonhighway certificate of title or salvage title, whichever is applicable, in the following manner: (1) If the transferor is a vehicle dealer, as defined in K.S.A. 8-2401, and amendments thereto, and a certificate of title has not been issued for such vehicle under this section or under the provisions of K.S.A. 8-135, and amendments thereto, such transferor shall make application for and assign a nonhighway certificate of title or a salvage title, whichever is applicable, to the purchaser of such nonhighway vehicle or salvage vehicle in the same manner and under the same conditions prescribed by K.S.A. 8-135, and amendments thereto, for the application for and assignment of a certificate of title thereunder. Upon the assignment thereof, the purchaser shall make application for a new nonhighway certificate of title or salvage title, as provided in subsection (c) or (d).

(2) Except as provided in K.S.A. 8-199(b), and amendments thereto, if a certificate of title has been issued for any such vehicle under the provisions of K.S.A. 8-135, and amendments thereto, the owner of such nonhighway vehicle or salvage vehicle may surrender such certificate of title to the division of vehicles and make application to the division for a nonhighway certificate of title or salvage title, whichever is applicable, or the owner may obtain from the county treasurer's office a form prescribed by the division of vehicles and, upon proper execution thereof, may assign the nonhighway certificate of title, salvage title or the regular certificate of title with such form attached to the purchaser of the nonhighway vehicle or salvage vehicle. Upon receipt of the nonhighway certificate of title, salvage title or the regular certificate of title with such form attached, the purchaser shall make application for a new nonhighway certificate of title or salvage title, whichever is applicable, as provided in subsection (c) or (d).

(3) If the transferor is not a vehicle dealer, as defined in K.S.A. 8-2401, and amendments thereto, and a certificate of title has not been issued for the vehicle under this section or a certificate of title was not required under K.S.A. 8-135, and amendments thereto, the transferor shall make application to the division for a nonhighway certificate of title or salvage title, whichever is applicable, as provided in this section, except that in addition thereto, the division shall require a bill of sale or such transferor's affidavit, with at least one other corroborating affidavit, that such transferor is the owner of such nonhighway vehicle or salvage vehicle. If the division is satisfied that the transferor is the owner, the division shall issue a nonhighway certificate of title or salvage title, which ever is applicable, for such vehicle, and the transferor shall assign the same to the purchaser, who shall make application for a new nonhighway certificate of title or salvage title, whichever is applicable, as provided in subsection (c) or (d).

(c) Every purchaser of a nonhighway vehicle, whether assigned a non-highway certificate of title or a regular certificate of title with the form specified in subsection (b)(2) attached, shall make application to the county treasurer of the county in which such person resides for a new nonhighway certificate of title in the same manner and under the same conditions as for an application for a certificate of title under K.S.A. 8-135, and amendments thereto. Such application shall be in the form prescribed by the director of vehicles and shall contain substantially the same provisions as required for an application under K.S.A. 8-135(c)(1), and amendments thereto. In addition, such application shall provide a place for the applicant to certify that the vehicle for which the application for a nonhighway certificate of title is made is a nonhighway vehicle and other provisions the director deems necessary. Each application for a nonhighway certificate of title shall be accompanied by a fee of \$10, and if the application is not made to the county treasurer within the time prescribed by K.S.A. 8-135, and amendments thereto, for making application for a certificate of title thereunder, an additional fee of \$2.

(d)

(1) Except as otherwise provided by this section, the owner of a vehicle that meets the definition of a salvage vehicle shall apply for a salvage title before the ownership of the motor vehicle or travel trailer is transferred. In no event shall such application be made more than 60 days after the vehicle is determined to be a salvage vehicle.

(2) Every insurance company, which pursuant to a damage settlement, acquires ownership of a vehicle that has incurred damage requiring the vehicle to be designated a salvage vehicle, shall apply for a salvage title within 60 days after the title is assigned and delivered by the owner to the insurance company, with all liens released. In the event that an insurance company is unable to obtain voluntary assignment of the title after 30 days from the date the vehicle owner enters into an oral or written damage settlement agreement where the owner agrees to transfer the title, the insurance company may submit an application on a form prescribed by the division for a salvage title. The form shall be accompanied by an affidavit from the insurance company stating that: (A) The insurance company is unable to obtain a transfer of the title from the owner following an oral or written acceptance of an offer of damage settlement; (B) there is evidence of the damage settlement; (C) that there are no existing liens on the vehicle or all liens on the vehicle have been released; (D) the insurance company has physical possession of the vehicle; and (E) the insurance company has provided the owner, at the owner's last known address, 30 days' prior notice of such intent to transfer and the owner has not delivered a written objection to the insurance company.

(3) Every insurance company which makes a damage settlement for a vehicle that has incurred damage requiring such vehicle to be designated a salvage vehicle, but does not acquire ownership of the vehicle, shall notify the vehicle owner of the owner's obligation to apply for a salvage title for the motor vehicle or travel trailer, and shall notify the division of this fact in accordance with procedures established by the division. The vehicle owner shall apply for a salvage title within 60 days after being notified by the insurance company.

(4) The lessee of any vehicle which incurs damage requiring the vehicle to be designated a salvage vehicle shall notify the lessor of this fact within 30 days of the determination that the vehicle is a salvage vehicle.

(5) The lessor of any motor vehicle or travel trailer which has incurred damage requiring the vehicle to be titled as a salvage vehicle, shall apply for a salvage title within 60 days after being notified of this fact by the lessee.

(6) Every person acquiring ownership of a motor vehicle or travel trailer that meets the definition of a salvage vehicle, for which a salvage title has not been issued, shall apply for the required document prior to any further transfer of such vehicle, but in no event, more than 60 days after ownership is acquired.

(7) Every purchaser of a salvage vehicle, whether assigned a salvage title or a regular certificate of title with the form specified in subsection (b)(2) attached, shall make application to the county treasurer of the county in which such person resides for a new salvage title, in the same manner and under the same condition as for an application for a certificate of title under K.S.A. 8-135, and amendments thereto. Such application shall be in the form prescribed by the director of vehicles and shall contain substantially the same provisions as required for an application under K.S.A. 8-135(c)(1), and amendments thereto. In addition, such application shall provide a place for the applicant to certify that the vehicle for which the application for salvage title is made is a salvage vehicle, and other provisions the director deems necessary. Each application for a salvage title shall be accompanied by a fee of \$10 and if the application is not made to the county treasurer within the time prescribed by K.S.A. 8-135, and amendments thereto, for making application for a certificate of title thereunder, an additional fee of \$2.

(8) Failure to apply for a salvage title as provided by this subsection shall be a class C nonperson misdemeanor.

(e) A nonhighway certificate of title or salvage title shall be in form and color as prescribed by the director of vehicles. A nonhighway certificate of title or salvage title shall indicate clearly and distinctly on its face that it is issued for a nonhighway vehicle or salvage vehicle, whichever is applicable. A nonhighway certificate of title or salvage title shall contain substantially the same information as required on a certificate of title issued under K.S.A. 8-135, and amendments thereto, and other information the director deems necessary.

(f)

(1) A nonhighway certificate of title or salvage title may be transferred in the same manner and under the same conditions as prescribed by K.S.A. 8-135, and amendments thereto, for the transfer of a certificate of title, except as otherwise provided in this section. A nonhighway certificate of title or salvage title may be assigned and transferred only while the vehicle remains a nonhighway vehicle or salvage vehicle.

(2) Upon transfer or sale of a nonhighway vehicle in a condition which will allow the registration of such vehicle, the owner shall assign the non-highway certificate of title to the purchaser, and the purchaser shall obtain a certificate of title and register such vehicle as provided in K.S.A. 8-135, and amendments thereto. No regular certificate of title shall be issued for a vehicle for which there has been issued a nonhighway certificate of title until there has been compliance with K.S.A. 8-116a, and amendments thereto.

(3)

(A) Upon transfer or sale of a salvage vehicle which has been rebuilt or restored or is otherwise in a condition which will allow the registration of such vehicle, the owner shall assign the salvage title to the purchaser, and the purchaser shall obtain a rebuilt salvage title and register such vehicle as provided in K.S.A. 8-135, and amendments thereto. No rebuilt salvage title shall be issued for a vehicle for which there has been issued a salvage title until there has been compliance with K.S.A. 8-116a, and amendments thereto, and the notice required in subsection(f)(3)(B) has been attached to such vehicle.

(B) As part of the inspection for a rebuilt salvage title conducted under K.S.A. 8-116a, and amendments thereto, the Kansas highway patrol shall attach a notice affixed to the left door frame of the rebuilt salvage vehicle indicating the vehicle identification number of such vehicle and that such vehicle is a rebuilt salvage vehicle. In addition to any fee allowed under K.S.A. 8-116a, and amendments thereto, a fee of \$5 shall be collected from the owner of such vehicle requesting the inspection for the notice required under this paragraph. All moneys received under this paragraph shall be remitted in accordance with K.S.A. 8-116a(e), and amendments thereto.

(C) Failure to apply for a rebuilt salvage title as provided by this paragraph shall be a class C nonperson misdemeanor.

(g) The owner of a salvage vehicle which has been issued a salvage title and has been assembled, reconstructed, reconstituted or restored or otherwise placed in an operable condition may make application to the county treasurer for a permit to operate such vehicle on the highways of this state over the most direct route from the place such salvage vehicle is located to a specified location named on the permit and to return to the original location. No such permit shall be issued for any vehicle unless the owner has motor vehicle liability insurance coverage or an approved self-insurance plan under K.S.A. 40-3104, and amendments thereto. Such permit shall be on a form furnished by the director of vehicles and shall state the date the vehicle is to be taken to the other location, the name of the insurer, as defined in K.S.A. 40-3103, and amendments thereto, and the policy number or a statement that the vehicle is included in a self-insurance plan approved by the commissioner of insurance, a statement attesting to the correctness of the information concerning financial security, the vehicle identification number and a description of the vehicle. Such permit shall be signed by the owner of the vehicle. The permit shall be carried in the vehicle for which it is issued and shall be displayed so that it is visible from the rear of the vehicle. The fee for such permit shall be \$1 which shall be retained by the county treasurer, who shall annually forward 25% of all such fees collected to the division of vehicles to reimburse the division for administrative expenses, and shall deposit the remainder in a special fund for expenses of issuing such permits.

(h) A nonhighway vehicle or salvage vehicle for which a nonhighway certificate of title or salvage title has been issued pursuant to this section shall not be deemed a motor vehicle for the purposes of K.S.A. 40-3101 to 40-3121, inclusive, and amendments thereto, except when such vehicle is being operated pursuant to subsection (g). Any person who knowingly makes a false statement concerning financial security in obtaining a permit pursuant to subsection (g), or who fails to obtain a permit when required by law to do so is guilty of a class C misdemeanor.

(i) Any person who, on July 1, 1996, is the owner of an all-terrain vehicle, as defined in K.S.A. 8-126, and amendments thereto, shall not be required to file an application for a nonhighway certificate of title under the provisions of this section for such all-terrain vehicle, unless the person transfers an interest in such all-terrain vehicle.

(j) Any person who, on July 1, 2006, is the owner of a work-site utility vehicle, as defined in K.S.A. 8-126, and amendments thereto, shall not be required to file an application for a nonhighway certificate of title under the provisions of this section for such work-site utility vehicle, unless the person transfers an interest in such work-site utility vehicle.

L. 1975, ch. 31, § 3; L. 1976, ch. 45, § 1; L. 1976, ch. 41, § 2; L. 1980, ch. 38, § 1; L. 1980, ch. 39, § 1; L. 1984, ch. 35, § 1; L. 1984, ch. 25, § 10; [L. 1988, ch. 44, § 1](#); [L. 1990, ch. 35, § 4](#); [L. 1993, ch. 176, § 9](#); [L. 1996, ch. 260, § 7](#); [L. 1998, ch. 154, § 1](#); [L. 1999, ch. 114, § 8](#); [L. 2000, ch. 73, § 5](#); [L. 2002, ch. 134, § 10](#); [L. 2003, ch. 30, § 7](#); [L. 2004, ch. 132, § 3](#); [L. 2006, ch. 135, § 3](#); [L. 2012, ch. 130, § 5](#); July 1; [L. 2014, ch. 58, § 1](#); L. 2016, ch. 49, § 2; July 1, 2016.

Equipment Exemptions

From Kansas Statutes:

CHAPTER 8. AUTOMOBILES AND OTHER VEHICLES
ARTICLE 17. UNIFORM ACT REGULATING TRAFFIC; EQUIPMENT OF VEHICLES
LAMPS AND OTHER LIGHTING EQUIPMENT

K.S.A. § 8-1726 (2016)

8-1726 Single-beam road-lighting equipment permitted on certain vehicles.

Head lamp systems which provide only a single distribution of light shall be permitted on all farm tractors, regardless of date of manufacture, and on other motor vehicles manufactured and **sold prior to July 1, 1938**, in lieu of multiple-beam road-lighting equipment herein specified, if the single distribution of light complies with the following requirements and limitations:

- (1) The head lamps shall be so aimed that when the vehicle is not loaded none of the high intensity portion of the light at a distance of twenty-five (25) feet ahead shall project higher than a level of five (5) inches below the level of the center of the lamp from which it comes, and in no case higher than forty-two (42) inches above the level on which the vehicle stands at a distance of seventy-five (75) feet ahead.
- (2) The intensity shall be sufficient to reveal persons and vehicles at a distance of at least two hundred (200) feet.

CHAPTER 8. AUTOMOBILES AND OTHER VEHICLES
ARTICLE 13. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS
CHILD SAFETY RESTRAINING SYSTEMS

K.S.A. § 8-1343a (2016)

8-1343a Same; "passenger car" defined.

As used in K.S.A. 8-1343 through 8-1347, and amendments thereto, "passenger car" means a motor **vehicle**, manufactured or **assembled** after January 1, 1968, or a motor **vehicle** manufactured or **assembled** prior to 1968 which was manufactured or assembled with safety belts, with motive power designed for carrying 10 passengers or fewer, including vans, but does not include a motorcycle, a trailer or a vehicle constructed either on a truck chassis registered for a gross weight of more than 12,000 pounds or a farm truck registered for a gross weight of more than 16,000 pounds.

CHAPTER 8. AUTOMOBILES AND OTHER VEHICLES
ARTICLE 17. UNIFORM ACT REGULATING TRAFFIC; EQUIPMENT OF VEHICLES
LAMPS AND OTHER LIGHTING EQUIPMENT

K.S.A. § 8-1705 (2016)

8-1705 Head lamps on motor vehicles.

(a) Every motor vehicle shall be equipped with at least two (2) head lamps with at least one (1) on each side of the front of the motor vehicle, which head lamps shall comply with the requirements and limitations set forth in this article.

(b) Every head lamp upon every motor **vehicle** manufactured or **assembled** after July 1, 1959, shall be located at a height of not more than fifty-four (54) inches nor less than twenty-four (24) inches to be measured as set forth in subsection (b) of K.S.A. 8-1704.

CHAPTER 8. AUTOMOBILES AND OTHER VEHICLES
ARTICLE 17. UNIFORM ACT REGULATING TRAFFIC; EQUIPMENT OF VEHICLES
LAMPS AND OTHER LIGHTING EQUIPMENT

K.S.A. § 8-1706 (2016)

8-1706 Tail lamps.

(a) Every motor vehicle, trailer, semitrailer and pole trailer, and any other vehicle which is being drawn at the end of a combination of vehicles, shall be equipped with at least two (2) tail lamps mounted on the rear, which, when lighted as required in K.S.A. 8-1703, shall emit a red light plainly visible from a distance of one thousand (1,000) feet to the rear, except that passenger **cars** manufactured or **assembled** prior to July 1, 1959, shall have at least one (1) tail lamp. On a combination of vehicles, only the tail lamps on the rearmost vehicle need actually be seen from the distance specified. On vehicles equipped with more than one (1) tail lamp, the lamps shall be mounted on the same level and as widely spaced laterally as practicable.

(b) Every tail lamp upon every vehicle shall be located at a height of not more than seventy-two (72) inches nor less than fifteen (15) inches.

(c) Either a tail lamp or a separate lamp shall be so constructed and placed as to illuminate with a white light the rear registration plate and render it clearly legible from a distance of fifty (50) feet to the rear. Any tail lamp or tail lamps, together with any separate lamp or lamps for illuminating the rear registration plate, shall be so wired as to be lighted whenever the head lamps or auxiliary driving lamps are lighted.

CHAPTER 8. AUTOMOBILES AND OTHER VEHICLES
ARTICLE 17. UNIFORM ACT REGULATING TRAFFIC; EQUIPMENT OF VEHICLES
LAMPS AND OTHER LIGHTING EQUIPMENT

K.S.A. § 8-1707 (2016)

8-1707 Reflectors.

(a) Every motor vehicle, trailer, semitrailer and pole trailer shall carry on the rear, either as a part of the tail lamps or separately, two (2) or more red reflectors meeting the requirements of this section: Provided, That vehicles of the types mentioned in K.S.A. 8-1710 shall be equipped with reflectors meeting the requirements of subsection (a) of K.S.A. 8-1712 and subsection (a) of K.S.A. 8-1713.

(b) Every such reflector shall be mounted on the vehicle at a height not less than fifteen (15) inches nor more than sixty (60) inches measured as set forth in subsection (b) of K.S.A. 8-1704, and shall be of such size and characteristics and so mounted as to be visible at night from all distances within six hundred (600) feet to one hundred (100) feet from such vehicle when directly in front of lawful lower beams of head lamps, except that reflectors on **vehicles** manufactured or **assembled** prior to January 1, 1970, shall be visible at night from all distances within three hundred fifty (350) feet to one hundred (100) feet when directly in front of lawful upper beams of head lamps.

CHAPTER 8. AUTOMOBILES AND OTHER VEHICLES
ARTICLE 17. UNIFORM ACT REGULATING TRAFFIC; EQUIPMENT OF VEHICLES
LAMPS AND OTHER LIGHTING EQUIPMENT

K.S.A. § 8-1708 (2016)

8-1708 Stop lamps and turn signals.

(a) Every motor vehicle, trailer, semitrailer and pole trailer shall be equipped with two (2) or more stop lamps meeting the requirements of subsection (a) of K.S.A. 8-1721, except that passenger **cars** manufactured or **assembled** prior to January 1, 1953, shall be equipped with at least one stop lamp. On a combination of vehicles, only the stop lamps on the rearmost vehicle need actually be seen from the distance specified in subsection (a) of K.S.A. 8-1721.

(b) Every motor vehicle, trailer, semitrailer and pole trailer shall be equipped with electric turn signal lamps meeting the requirements of subsection (b) of K.S.A. 8-1721, except that passenger cars and trucks less than eighty (80) inches in width, manufactured or assembled prior to January 1, 1953, and vehicles registered under K.S.A. 8-194 need not be equipped with electric turn signal lamps.

CHAPTER 8. AUTOMOBILES AND OTHER VEHICLES
ARTICLE 17. UNIFORM ACT REGULATING TRAFFIC; EQUIPMENT OF VEHICLES
LAMPS AND OTHER LIGHTING EQUIPMENT

K.S.A. § 8-1710 (2016)

8-1710 Additional lighting equipment required on certain vehicles.

In addition to other equipment required in this article, the following vehicles shall be equipped as herein stated.

(a) Buses, trucks, motor homes and motor vehicles with mounted truck-camper, 80 inches or more in overall width:

(1) On the front, two clearance lamps, one at each side, and on **vehicles** manufactured or **assembled** after July 1, 1959, three identification lamps meeting the specifications of subsection (g);

(2) on the rear, two clearance lamps, one at each side, and on **vehicles** manufactured or **assembled** after July 1, 1959, three identification lamps meeting the specifications of subsection (g);

(3) on each side, two side marker lamps, one at or near the front and one at or near the rear;

(4) on each side, two reflectors, one at or near the front and one at or near the rear.

(b) Trailers and semitrailers 80 inches or more in overall width, except boat trailers and house trailers for which special permits are required pursuant to K.S.A. 8-1911, and amendments thereto, for movement of such house trailers upon the highways of this state:

(1) On the front, two clearance lamps, one at each side;

(2) on the rear, two clearance lamps, one at each side, and on **vehicles** manufactured or **assembled** after July 1, 1959, three identification lamps meeting the specifications of subsection (g);

(3) on each side, two side marker lamps, one at or near the front and one at or near the rear.

(c) Trailers and semitrailers, except boat trailers and house trailers for which special permits are required pursuant to K.S.A. 8-1911, and amendments thereto, for movement of such house trailers upon the highways of this state:

On each side, two reflectors, one at or near the front and one at or near the rear.

(d) Truck-tractors:

On the front, two cab clearance lamps, one at each side, and on **vehicles** manufactured or **assembled** after July 1, 1959, three identification lamps meeting the specifications of subsection (g).

(e) Trailers, semitrailers and pole trailers 30 feet or more in overall length:

On each side, one amber side marker lamp and one amber reflector, centrally located with respect to the length of the vehicle.

(f) Pole trailers:

(1) On each side, one amber marker lamp at or near the front of the load;

(2) one amber reflector at or near the front of the load;

(3) on the rearmost support for the load, one combination marker lamp showing amber to the front and red to the rear and side, mounted to indicate maximum width of the pole trailer.

(g) Whenever required or permitted by this article, identification lamps shall be grouped in a horizontal row, with lamp centers spaced not less than six nor more than 12 inches apart, and mounted on the permanent structure of the vehicle as close as practicable to the vertical centerline, except that where the

cab of a vehicle is not more than 42 inches wide at the front roof line, a single identification lamp at the center of the cab shall be deemed to comply with the requirements for front identification lamps.

(h) Boat trailers 80 inches or more in overall width:

(1) On each side, at or near the midpoint, one clearance lamp performing the function of both a front and rear clearance lamp;

(2) on each side, two side marker lamps, one at or near the front and one at or near the rear;

(3) on each side, two reflectors, one at or near the front and one at or near the rear.

CHAPTER 8. AUTOMOBILES AND OTHER VEHICLES
ARTICLE 17. UNIFORM ACT REGULATING TRAFFIC; EQUIPMENT OF VEHICLES
LAMPS AND OTHER LIGHTING EQUIPMENT

K.S.A. § 8-1713 (2016)

8-1713 Visibility requirements for reflectors, clearance lamps, identification lamps and side marker lamps.

(a) Every reflector upon any vehicle referred to in K.S.A. 8-1710 shall be of such size and characteristics and so maintained as to be readily visible at nighttime from all distances within six hundred (600) feet to one hundred (100) feet from the vehicle when directly in front of lawful lower beams of head lamps, except that the visibility for reflectors on **vehicles** manufactured or **assembled** prior to January 1, 1970, shall be measured in front of lawful upper beams of head lamps. Reflectors required to be mounted on the sides of the vehicle shall reflect the required color of light to the sides, and those mounted on the rear shall reflect a red color to the rear.

(b) Front and rear clearance lamps and identification lamps shall be capable of being seen and distinguished under normal atmospheric conditions at the times lights are required at all distances between five hundred (500) and fifty (50) feet from the front and rear, respectively, of the vehicle.

(c) Side marker lamps shall be capable of being seen and distinguished under normal atmospheric conditions at the times lights are required at all distances between five hundred (500) and fifty (50) feet from the side of the vehicle on which mounted.

CHAPTER 8. AUTOMOBILES AND OTHER VEHICLES
ARTICLE 17. UNIFORM ACT REGULATING TRAFFIC; EQUIPMENT OF VEHICLES
BRAKES

K.S.A. § 8-1734 (2016)

8-1734 Braking systems for motor vehicles and combinations of vehicles; performance requirements; additional braking systems, when; **antique vehicles** exempted.

(a) Every motor vehicle and every combination of vehicles shall have a service braking system which will stop such vehicle or combination within forty (40) feet from an initial speed of twenty (20) miles per hour on a level, dry, smooth, hard surface.

(b) Every motor vehicle and combination of vehicles shall have a parking brake system adequate to hold such vehicle or combination on any grade on which it is operated under all conditions of loading, on a surface free from snow, ice or loose material.

(c) When necessary for the safe operation of any vehicle or class of vehicles, the secretary of transportation may require additional braking systems.

(d) The provisions of this section shall not apply to vehicles registered pursuant to K.S.A. 8-166 et seq. and any amendments thereto.

CHAPTER 8. AUTOMOBILES AND OTHER VEHICLES
ARTICLE 17. UNIFORM ACT REGULATING TRAFFIC; EQUIPMENT OF VEHICLES
MISCELLANEOUS EQUIPMENT REQUIREMENTS

K.S.A. § 8-1743 (2016)

8-1743 Safety glazing material requirements; limitation on registration; misdemeanor.

(a) No person shall sell any new motor vehicle as specified in this section, nor shall any such new motor vehicle be registered, unless such vehicle is equipped with safety glazing material when glazing materials are used in doors, windows and windshields. This subsection (a) shall apply to all passenger-type motor vehicles, including passenger buses and school buses. This subsection (a) shall not apply to glazing material in compartments of trucks and truck tractors not designed and equipped for persons to ride therein.

(b) No person shall sell or affix to a motor vehicle any **truck**-camper manufactured or **assembled** after July 1, 1968, unless such truck-camper is equipped with safety glazing material where glazing material is used in doors and windows.

(c) The division of vehicles shall not register any motor vehicle which is subject to the provisions of this section unless it is equipped with safety glazing material, and the division shall suspend the registration of any such motor vehicle which is not so equipped until it conforms to the requirements of this section.

(d) No person shall replace any glass or glazing materials used in partitions, doors, windows or windshields in any motor vehicle with any material other than safety glazing material.

(e) This section is subject to K.S.A. 8-2009a.

(f) As used in this section, "safety glazing material" means glazing material which conforms to the American national standard "safety code for safety glazing materials for glazing motor vehicles operating on land highways," Z26.1-1966, July 15, 1966, as supplemented by Z26.1a-1969, March 7, 1969.

(g) Violation of this section is a misdemeanor.

CHAPTER 8. AUTOMOBILES AND OTHER VEHICLES
ARTICLE 17. UNIFORM ACT REGULATING TRAFFIC; EQUIPMENT OF VEHICLES
MISCELLANEOUS EQUIPMENT REQUIREMENTS

K.S.A. § 8-1749 (2016)

8-1749 Safety belts and shoulder harnesses.

- (a) Every passenger **car** manufactured or **assembled** after January 1, 1965, shall be equipped with at least two (2) lap-type safety belt assemblies for use in the front seating positions.
- (b) Every passenger **car** manufactured or **assembled** after January 1, 1968, shall be equipped with a lap-type safety belt assembly for each permanent passenger seating position. This requirement shall not apply to police vehicles.
- (c) Every passenger **car** manufactured or **assembled** after January 1, 1968, shall be equipped with at least two (2) shoulder harness-type safety belt assemblies for use in the front seating positions.
- (d) The secretary of transportation shall except specified types of motor vehicles or seating positions within any motor vehicle from the requirements imposed by subsections (a) to (c) when compliance would be impractical.
- (e) No person shall distribute, have for sale, offer for sale or sell any safety belt or shoulder harness for use in motor vehicles unless it meets current minimum standards and specifications approved by the secretary of transportation.

CHAPTER 8. AUTOMOBILES AND OTHER VEHICLES
ARTICLE 25. SEAT BELTS

K.S.A. § 8-2502 (2016)

8-2502 Same; "passenger car" defined.

As used in this act, "passenger car" means a motor **vehicle**, manufactured or **assembled** after January 1, 1968, or a motor **vehicle** manufactured or **assembled** prior to 1968 which was manufactured or assembled with safety belts, with motive power designed for carrying 10 passengers or fewer, including vans, but does not include a motorcycle or a motor-driven cycle.

CHAPTER 8. AUTOMOBILES AND OTHER VEHICLES
ARTICLE 25. SEAT BELTS

K.S.A. § 8-2507 (2016)

8-2507 Same; manufacturer warranty on safety belts; "motor vehicle" defined.

(a) From and after the effective date of this act, a manufacturer of a motor vehicle sold in this state which is equipped with safety belts in compliance with federal motor vehicle safety standard no. 208, shall provide for a ten-year warranty on such safety belts.

(b) As used in this section, "motor vehicle" means a new motor vehicle which is sold in this state, and which is registered for a gross weight of 12,000 pounds or less, and does not include the customized parts of motor **vehicles** which have been added or **modified** by second stage manufacturers, first stage converters or second stage converters as defined in K.S.A. 8-2401 and amendments thereto.

CHAPTER 21. CRIMES AND PUNISHMENTS
ARTICLE 37. CRIMES AGAINST PROPERTY

K.S.A. § 21-3757 (2016)

21-3757 Odometers; unlawful acts; penalties; definitions.

(a) For the purpose of this section, the following words and phrases shall have the following meanings:

- (1) "Motor vehicle" means any vehicle other than a motorized bicycle which is self-propelled and is required to be registered under the provisions of article 1 of chapter 8 of Kansas Statutes Annotated.
 - (2) "Vehicle" means every device in, upon or by which any person or property is or may be transported or drawn upon a public highway, and is required to be registered under the provisions of article 1 of chapter 8 of Kansas Statutes Annotated, except that such term shall not include motorized bicycles or mobile homes.
 - (3) "True mileage" means the actual mileage the motor vehicle has been driven.
 - (4) "Person" means an individual, partnership, corporation or association.
 - (5) "Odometer" means an instrument for measuring and recording the actual distance a motor vehicle travels while in operation, but shall not include any auxiliary odometer designed to be reset by the operator of the motor vehicle for the purpose of recording mileage on trips.
- (b) It shall be unlawful for any person to knowingly tamper with, adjust, alter, change, set back, disconnect or fail to connect the odometer of any motor vehicle, or cause any of the foregoing to occur to an odometer of a motor vehicle, so as to reflect a lower mileage than the true mileage traveled by the motor vehicle.
- (c) It shall be unlawful for any person to conspire with any other person to violate the provisions of this section.
- (d) It shall be unlawful for any person, with the intent to defraud, to operate a motor vehicle on any street or highway knowing that the odometer of the motor vehicle is disconnected or nonfunctional.
- (e) It shall be unlawful for any person to advertise for sale, sell, use or install on any part of a motor vehicle or on any odometer in a motor vehicle any device which causes the odometer to register any mileage other than the true mileage.
- (f) It shall be unlawful for any person to sell or offer to sell, with the intent to defraud, a motor vehicle knowing that the odometer of such motor vehicle was tampered with, adjusted, altered, changed, set back, disconnected or failed to be connected so as to reflect a lower mileage than the true mileage of such motor vehicle.

(g) (1) Nothing in this section shall prevent the service, repair or replacement of an odometer, provided the mileage indicated thereon remains the same as before the service, repair or replacement. If the odometer is incapable of registering the same mileage as before such service, repair or replacement, the odometer shall be adjusted to read zero and a notice shall be attached permanently to the left door frame of the vehicle by the owner or owner's agent specifying the mileage prior to repair or replacement of the odometer, the date on which it was repaired or replaced and the vehicle identification number.

(2) It shall be unlawful for any person (2) fail to adjust an odometer or affix a notice regarding such adjustment, as required under this section.

(3) It shall be unlawful for any person to remove or alter any notice affixed to a vehicle pursuant to the provisions of this section.

(h) Every action pursuant to this section shall be brought in the district court of any county in which there occurred any act or practice declared to be a violation of this section, or in which the defendant resides or has such person's principal place of business.

(i) The provisions of this section shall not apply to **antique** motor **vehicles** which could be registered under the provisions of K.S.A. 8-166 et seq., and amendments thereto, or to **special interest vehicles** which could be registered under the provisions of K.S.A. 8-194 et seq., and amendments thereto.

(j) Violation of this section is a severity level 9, nonperson felony.

CHAPTER 74. STATE BOARDS, COMMISSIONS AND AUTHORITIES
ARTICLE 21. KANSAS HIGHWAY PATROL

K.S.A. § 74-2135 (2016)

74-2135 Vehicle identification number checks under 8-116a; tests of improper conduct involving odometers and other mileage registration devices under 8-611; rules and regulations.

The superintendent of the Kansas highway patrol may adopt rules and regulations relating to the manner in which checks for verification of vehicle identification numbers shall be made under K.S.A. 8-116a and amendments thereto. Concerning motor vehicles upon which such checks are made, such rules and regulations may provide for tests and procedures to detect evidence of possible fraud or other improper conduct relating to certificates of title, odometers, other violations of K.S.A. 8-611 and amendments thereto and vehicle identification numbers.

Violation of rules and regulations adopted under this section is a class A misdemeanor.

CHAPTER 8. AUTOMOBILES AND OTHER VEHICLES
ARTICLE 13. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS
CHILD SAFETY RESTRAINING SYSTEMS

K.S.A. § 8-1343a (2016)

8-1343a Same; "passenger car" defined.

As used in K.S.A. 8-1343 through 8-1347, and amendments thereto, "passenger car" means a motor vehicle, manufactured or assembled after January 1, 1968, or a motor **vehicle manufactured** or assembled **prior** to 1968 which was **manufactured** or assembled with safety belts, with motive power designed for carrying 10 passengers or fewer, including vans, but does not include a motorcycle, a trailer or a vehicle constructed either on a truck chassis registered for a gross weight of more than 12,000 pounds or a farm truck registered for a gross weight of more than 16,000 pounds.

CHAPTER 8. AUTOMOBILES AND OTHER VEHICLES
ARTICLE 17. UNIFORM ACT REGULATING TRAFFIC; EQUIPMENT OF VEHICLES
LAMPS AND OTHER LIGHTING EQUIPMENT

K.S.A. § 8-1707 (2016)

8-1707 Reflectors.

(a) Every motor vehicle, trailer, semitrailer and pole trailer shall carry on the rear, either as a part of the tail lamps or separately, two (2) or more red reflectors meeting the requirements of this section: Provided, That vehicles of the types mentioned in K.S.A. 8-1710 shall be equipped with reflectors meeting the requirements of subsection (a) of K.S.A. 8-1712 and subsection (a) of K.S.A. 8-1713.

(b) Every such reflector shall be mounted on the vehicle at a height not less than fifteen (15) inches nor more than sixty (60) inches measured as set forth in subsection (b) of K.S.A. 8-1704, and shall be of such size and characteristics and so mounted as to be visible at night from all distances within six hundred (600) feet to one hundred (100) feet from such vehicle when directly in front of lawful lower beams of head lamps, except that reflectors on **vehicles manufactured** or assembled **prior** to January 1, 1970, shall be visible at night from all distances within three hundred fifty (350) feet to one hundred (100) feet when directly in front of lawful upper beams of head lamps.

CHAPTER 8. AUTOMOBILES AND OTHER VEHICLES
ARTICLE 17. UNIFORM ACT REGULATING TRAFFIC; EQUIPMENT OF VEHICLES
LAMPS AND OTHER LIGHTING EQUIPMENT

K.S.A. § 8-1713 (2016)

8-1713 Visibility requirements for reflectors, clearance lamps, identification lamps and side marker lamps.

(a) Every reflector upon any vehicle referred to in K.S.A. 8-1710 shall be of such size and characteristics and so maintained as to be readily visible at nighttime from all distances within six hundred (600) feet to one hundred (100) feet from the vehicle when directly in front of lawful lower beams of head lamps, except that the visibility for reflectors on **vehicles manufactured** or assembled **prior** to January 1, 1970, shall be measured in front of lawful upper beams of head lamps. Reflectors required to be mounted on the sides of the vehicle shall reflect the required color of light to the sides, and those mounted on the rear shall reflect a red color to the rear.

(b) Front and rear clearance lamps and identification lamps shall be capable of being seen and distinguished under normal atmospheric conditions at the times lights are required at all distances between five hundred (500) and fifty (50) feet from the front and rear, respectively, of the vehicle.

(c) Side marker lamps shall be capable of being seen and distinguished under normal atmospheric conditions at the times lights are required at all distances between five hundred (500) and fifty (50) feet from the side of the vehicle on which mounted.

CHAPTER 8. AUTOMOBILES AND OTHER VEHICLES
ARTICLE 17. UNIFORM ACT REGULATING TRAFFIC; EQUIPMENT OF VEHICLES
LAMPS AND OTHER LIGHTING EQUIPMENT

K.S.A. § 8-1721 (2016)

8-1721 Stop lamps and signal lamps; color; visibility.

(a) Any vehicle may be equipped and when required under this act shall be equipped with a stop lamp or lamps on the rear of the vehicle which shall display a red or amber light, or any shade of color between red and amber, visible from a distance of not less than three hundred (300) feet to the rear in normal sunlight, and which shall be actuated upon application of the service or foot brake, and which may, but need not, be incorporated with one (1) or more other rear lamps.

(b) Any vehicle may be equipped and when required under this act shall be equipped with electric turn signals which shall indicate an intention to turn by flashing lights showing to the front and rear of a vehicle, or on a combination of vehicles on the side of the vehicle or combination toward which the turn is to be made. The lamps showing to the front shall be mounted on the same level and as widely spaced laterally as practicable and, when signaling, shall emit amber light: Provided, That on any **vehicle manufactured prior** to July 1, 1973, the lamps showing to the front may emit white or amber light, or any shade of light between white and amber. The lamps showing to the rear shall be mounted on the same level and as widely spaced laterally as practicable, and, when signaling, shall emit a red or amber light, or any shade of color between red and amber. Turn signal lamps shall be visible from a distance of not less than five hundred (500) feet to the front and rear in normal sunlight. Turn signal lamps may, but need not be, incorporated in other lamps on the vehicle.

(c) Every new motor vehicle sold within this state shall be equipped with turn signals meeting the requirements of subsection (b).

CHAPTER 8. AUTOMOBILES AND OTHER VEHICLES
ARTICLE 17. UNIFORM ACT REGULATING TRAFFIC; EQUIPMENT OF VEHICLES
LAMPS AND OTHER LIGHTING EQUIPMENT

K.S.A. § 8-1726 (2016)

8-1726 Single-beam road-lighting equipment permitted on certain vehicles.

Head lamp systems which provide only a single distribution of light shall be permitted on all farm tractors, regardless of date of manufacture, and on other motor **vehicles manufactured** and sold **prior** to July 1, 1938, in lieu of multiple-beam road-lighting equipment herein specified, if the single distribution of light complies with the following requirements and limitations:

- (1) The head lamps shall be so aimed that when the vehicle is not loaded none of the high intensity portion of the light at a distance of twenty-five (25) feet ahead shall project higher than a level of five (5) inches below the level of the center of the lamp from which it comes, and in no case higher than forty-two (42) inches above the level on which the vehicle stands at a distance of seventy-five (75) feet ahead.
- (2) The intensity shall be sufficient to reveal persons and vehicles at a distance of at least two hundred (200) feet.

Emissions Exemptions

Kansas does not operate a vehicle emissions testing program.